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(54) Title: METHODS AND APPARATUS FOR SAMPLING AND ANALYZING BODY FLUID			
(57) Abstract			
<p>A sampling device (10) for sampling body fluid includes a lancet (12) for making an incision, a capillary tube (18) for drawing up body fluid from the incision, and a test strip (30) affixed to an upper end of the capillary tube (18) for receiving the fluid. An absorbent pad (60) can be disposed between the test strip (30) and capillary tube (18) for spreading out the fluid being transferred to the test strip (30). An on site analyzer such as an optical analyzer (44) and/or an electrochemical analyzer (50) can be mounted in the device for analyzing the fluid. Alternatively, a test strip (30) can be slid through a slot formed in the bottom end of the device so that by passing the device against the skin after an incision has been formed. The test strip (30) will directly contact body fluid emanating from the incision.</p>			
<img alt="A detailed technical line drawing of the sampling device (10). The device is a cylindrical assembly. At the top (labeled 20), there is a cap with a central opening. Below the cap, a vertical tube (18) extends downwards. A horizontal slot (40) is located near the bottom of the tube. A test strip (30) is shown inserted into this slot. Various internal components are labeled with numbers: 44, 46, 48, 50, 52, 54, 56, 58, 60, 62, 64, 66, 68, 70, 72, 74, 76, 78, 80, 82, 84, 86, 88, 90, 92, 94, 96, 98, 100, 102, 104, 106, 108, 110, 112, 114, 116, 118, 120, 122, 124, 126, 128, 130, 132, 134, 136, 138, 140, 142, 144, 146, 148, 150, 152, 154, 156, 158, 160, 162, 164, 166, 168, 170, 172, 174, 176, 178, 180, 182, 184, 186, 188, 190, 192, 194, 196, 198, 200, 202, 204, 206, 208, 210, 212, 214, 216, 218, 220, 222, 224, 226, 228, 230, 232, 234, 236, 238, 240, 242, 244, 246, 248, 250, 252, 254, 256, 258, 260, 262, 264, 266, 268, 270, 272, 274, 276, 278, 280, 282, 284, 286, 288, 290, 292, 294, 296, 298, 300, 302, 304, 306, 308, 310, 312, 314, 316, 318, 320, 322, 324, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 336, 338, 340, 342, 344, 346, 348, 350, 352, 354, 356, 358, 360, 362, 364, 366, 368, 370, 372, 374, 376, 378, 380, 382, 384, 386, 388, 390, 392, 394, 396, 398, 400, 402, 404, 406, 408, 410, 412, 414, 416, 418, 420, 422, 424, 426, 428, 430, 432, 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**METHODS AND APPARATUS FOR SAMPLING  
AND ANALYZING BODY FLUID**

Field of the Invention

The present invention relates to lancing devices and methods for obtaining samples of blood and other fluids from the body for analysis or processing.

Background of the Invention

Many medical procedures in use today require a relatively small sample of blood, in the range of 5-50  $\mu\text{L}$ . It is more cost effective and less traumatic to the patient to obtain such a sample by lancing or piercing the skin at a selected location, such as the finger, to enable the collection of 1 or 2 drops of blood, than by using a phlebotomist to draw a tube of venous blood. With the advent of home use tests such as self monitoring of blood glucose, there is a requirement for a simple procedure which can be performed in any setting by a person needing to test.

Lancets in conventional use generally have a rigid body and a sterile needle which protrudes from one end. The lancet may be used to pierce the skin, thereby enabling the collection of a blood sample from the opening created. The blood is transferred to a test device or collection device. Blood is most commonly taken from the fingertips, where the supply is generally excellent. However, the nerve density in this region causes significant pain in many patients. Sampling of alternate site, such as earlobes and limbs, is sometimes practiced to access sites which are less sensitive. These sites are also less likely to provide excellent blood samples and make blood transfer directly to test devices difficult.

Repeated lancing in limited surface areas (such as fingertips) results in callous formation. This leads

to increased difficulty in drawing blood and increased pain.

To reduce the anxiety of piercing the skin and the associated pain, many spring loaded devices have 5 been developed. The following two patents are representative of the devices which were developed in the 1980's for use with home diagnostic test products.

U.S. Patent No. 4,503,856, Cornell et al., describes a spring loaded lancet injector. The reusable 10 device interfaces with a disposable lancet. The lancet holder may be latched in a retracted position. When the user contacts a release, a spring causes the lancet to pierce the skin at high speed and then retract. The speed is important to reduce the pain associated with 15 the puncture.

Levin et al. U.S. Patent No. 4,517,978 describes a blood sampling instrument. This device, which is also spring loaded, uses a standard disposable lancet. The design enables easy and accurate 20 positioning against a fingertip so the impact site can be readily determined. After the lancet pierces the skin, a bounce back spring retracts the lancet to a safe position within the device.

In institutional settings, it is often 25 desirable to collect the sample from the patient and then introduce the sample to a test device in a controlled fashion. Some blood glucose monitoring systems, for example, require that the blood sample be applied to a test device which is in contact with a test 30 instrument. In such situations, bringing the finger of a patient directly to the test device poses some risk of contamination from blood of a previous patient. With such systems, particularly in hospital settings, it is common to lance a patient, collect a sample in a

micropipette via capillary action and then deliver the sample from the pipette to the test device.

Haynes U.S. Patent No. 4,920,977 describes a blood collection assembly with lancet and 5 microcollection tube. This device incorporates a lancet and collection container in a single device. The lancing and collection are two separate activities, but the device is a convenient single disposable unit for situations when sample collection prior to use is 10 desirable. Similar devices are disclosed in Sarrine U.S. Patent No. 4,360,016, and O'Brien U.S. Patent No. 4,924,879. Jordan et al. U.S. Patents No. 4,850,973 and No. 4,858,607, disclose a combination device which may be alternatively used as a syringe-type injection 15 device and a lancing device with disposable solid needle lancet, depending on configuration. Lange et al. U.S. Patent No. 5,318,584 describes a blood lancet device for withdrawing blood for diagnostic purposes. This invention uses a rotary/sliding transmission system to 20 reduce the pain of lancing. The puncture depth is easily and precisely adjustable by the user.

Suzuki et al. U.S. Patent No. 5,368,047, Dombrowski U.S. Patent No. 4,654,513 and Ishibashi et 25 al. U.S. Patent No. 5,320,607 each describe suction-type blood samplers. These devices develop suction between the lancing site and the end of the device when the lancet holding mechanism withdraws after piercing the skin. A flexible gasket around the end of the device helps seal the end around the puncture site until 30 adequate sample is drawn from the puncture site or the user pulls back on the device.

Garcia et al. U.S. Patent No. 4,637,403 discloses a combination lancing and blood collection 35 device which uses a capillary passage to conduct body fluid to a separate test strip in the form of a

microporous membrane. It is necessary to achieve a precise positioning of the upper end of the capillary passage with respect to the membrane in order to ensure that body fluid from the passage is transferred to the 5 membrane. If an appreciable gap exists therebetween, no transfer may occur.

Also, the diameter of the capillary passage is relatively small, so the width of a sample transferred to the membrane may be too small to be measured by on-site measuring devices such as an optical measuring 10 system or an electrochemical meter.

It is difficult for a user to determine whether a sufficiently large drop of body fluid has been developed at the incision for providing a large enough 15 sample.

International Publication Number WO95/10223, Erickson et al., describes a means of collecting and measuring body fluids. This system uses a disposable lancing and suction device with a spacer member which 20 compresses the skin around the lance/needle.

Single use devices have also been developed for single use tests, i.e. home cholesterol testing, and for institutional use to eliminate cross-patient contamination multi-patient use. Crossman et al. U.S. 25 Patent No. 4,869,249, and Swierczek U.S. Patent No. 5,402,798, also disclose disposable, single use lancing devices.

The disclosures of the above patents are incorporated herein by reference.

An object of the present invention is to ensure 30 that a sufficiently large drop of body fluid is developed at an incision, and that the body fluid reaches a test strip.

Another object is to ensure that the sample applied to the test strip creates a measurement area that is sufficiently wide to be properly analyzed.

5 An additional object is to provide a novel electrochemical analyzing system for analyzing a sample in the lancing device.

A further object is to enable a sample of body fluid to be applied to a test strip which is mounted in a lancing device.

10 Another object of this invention is to provide a method which can result in a sample of either blood or interstitial fluid, depending on the sample site and the penetration depth utilized. While there are no commercially available devices utilizing interstitial 15 fluid (ISF) at this time, there are active efforts to establish the correlation of analytes, such as glucose, in ISF compared to whole blood. If ISF could be readily obtained and correlation is established, ISF may be preferable as a sample since there is no interference of 20 red blood cells or hematocrit adjustment required.

Another object of this invention is to provide a method which can draw a small but adjustable sample, i.e. 3  $\mu$ L for one test device and 8  $\mu$ L for another test device, as appropriate.

25 Another object of this invention is to provide a method by which the drawn sample is collected and may be easily presented to a testing device, regardless of the location of the sample site on the body. This approach helps with infection control in that multiple 30 patients are not brought in contact with a single test instrument; only the sampling device with a disposable patient-contact portion is brought to the test instrument. Alternatively, the disposable portion of a test device may be physically coupled with the sampler 35 so the sample can be brought directly into the test

device during sampling. The test device may then be read in a test instrument if appropriate or the testing system can be integrated into the sampler and the test device can provide direct results displayed for the  
5 patient.

A further object is to provide an on-site test strip with a relatively wide sample which can be analyzed by on-site analyzers such as optical and electrochemical analyzers.  
10

It is a further object of the invention is to provide a device for minimally invasive sampling comprising a reusable sampler and disposable sample collection.  
15

Summary of the Invention

One aspect of the present invention relates to a sampling device for sampling body fluid. The device includes a housing and a lancet carrier mounted in the housing for supporting a disposable lancet. The device also includes a mechanism for displacing the lancet  
20 carrier toward a lower end of the housing for forming an incision in a user. A body fluid sampling member is mounted in the housing for conducting body fluid from the incision. That sampling member comprises a capillary member, and a test strip. The capillary member includes an elongated stem having a capillary passage extending longitudinally therethrough for conducting body fluid upwardly by capillary action. The test strip is affixed to the capillary member at an upper end thereof and in communication with the  
25 capillary passage for receiving a sample of body fluid.  
30

Preferably, the test strip comprises a microporous membrane, and an absorbent pad is preferably disposed between the test strip and the upper end of the

capillary passage for wicking body fluid from the passage to the test strip.

The present invention also relates to the capillary member *per se*.

5 Another embodiment of the sampling device includes a housing, a lancet carrier mounted in the housing for supporting a disposable lancet, a mechanism for displacing the lancet carrier toward a lower end of the housing for forming an incision in a user, and a  
10 strip-holding mechanism mounted at a lower end of the housing for supporting a test strip across the lower end of the housing to enable the test strip to pick up body fluid from the incision.

15 The strip holding mechanism preferably comprises a sleeve disposed in surrounding relationship to the lancet carrier and includes radially aligned slots for receiving a test strip.

20 Preferably, the sleeve constitutes a first sleeve, and the holding mechanism further includes a second sleeve surrounding the first sleeve and including slots that are radially aligned with the slots of the first sleeve. The second sleeve is slidable longitudinally relative to both the housing and the first sleeve and is spring biased downwardly. The slots 25 which are formed in the second sleeve are elongated in a direction parallel to a longitudinal axis of the housing to enable the second sleeve to move longitudinally relative to a test strip mounted in the first sleeve.

30 The present invention also relates to a method of sampling body fluid which comprises the steps of positioning a lower end of a sampling device against a skin surface, and displacing a lancet carrier toward the lower end of the sampling device to form an incision through the skin. A test strip is positioned in the 35 sampling device to extend across the lower end thereof.

The sampling device is moved toward the incision to bring the test strip into contact with body fluid emerging from the incision. The test strip is preferably positioned in the sampling device prior to 5 the displacement of the lancet toward the lower end of the sampling device, whereby the lancet pierces the test strip.

Another aspect of the invention involves the provision of a drop-detecting mechanism on the lancing 10 device adjacent a lower end thereof for detecting a drop of body fluid on the user's skin. The mechanism can be in the form of electrodes which contact the drop, or an optical system including a light emitter and a light sensor. The drop-detecting mechanism automatically 15 determines whether a drop of sufficient size has been developed at the incision for providing a proper sample.

#### Brief Description of the Drawing

The objects and advantages of the invention will become apparent from the following detailed 20 description of preferred embodiments thereof in connection with the accompanying drawing in which like numerals designate like elements and in which:

Fig. 1 is a side elevational view, partially broken away, of a blood sampling device according to the 25 present invention, with a capillary tube thereof disposed in a retracted state;

Fig. 2 is a view similar to Fig. 1 after an incision has been made, and the capillary tube has been extended;

30 Fig. 3 is a longitudinal sectional view through one embodiment of the capillary tube according to the present invention;

Fig. 4 is a longitudinal sectional view taken through another embodiment of a capillary tube according to the present invention;

Fig. 5 is view similar to Fig. 2 of a sampling device having an alternative form of analyzing instrument;

Fig. 6 is a fragmentary view of a lower end of a lancing device, depicting a drop-detecting mechanism according to the present invention;

Fig. 7 is a side elevational view, partially broken away of another embodiment of the sampling device, with a test strip mounted at a lower end thereof; and

Fig. 8 is a fragmentary view of the device depicted in Fig. 6 in a sampling-taking state.

Detailed Description of Preferred Embodiments of the Invention

Depicted in Figs. 1 and 2 is a lancing device 10 for making an incision through a skin surface S, wherein a disposable lancet 12 (hereinafter referred to as a "disposable") which carries a skin-lancing member in the form of a needle 14 can be displaced toward the skin surface by a cocked spring and then rapidly retracted by another spring. Devices of this general type are known, and one preferred device is disclosed in commonly assigned, concurrently filed U.S. application Serial

No. \_\_\_\_\_ (Attorney Docket 018176-039), the disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference.

As disclosed in that application, the disposable 12 includes a body 16 which carries not only the needle 14, but also a capillary tube 18. The capillary tube is mounted by friction fit between holding elements 15 that are integral with the body 16

and is downwardly slidably relative to the body 16 in response to manual downward displacement of a pusher 20 which possesses an exposed actuator knob 22.

The disposable 12 is situated telescopingly 5 within a cylindrical stimulator sleeve 24 which is slidable longitudinally relative to a housing 26 of the device. The sleeve 24 is biased downwardly, or forwardly, by a spring 28. Following the cutting of an incision I in the skin and the retraction of the lancet, 10 the housing can be repeatedly pushed downwardly against the skin as required to express the appropriate sample from the incision, whereupon the sleeve depresses a ring of body tissue in surrounding relationship to the incision, causing the incision to bulge while spreading 15 apart the sides of the incision. Consequently, a drop D of body fluid such as blood or interstitial fluid is formed at the open end of the incision, even if the incision I has been made in a region of the body where the supply of body fluid is relatively low as compared 20 to, say, the fingertip region.

Once the drop D has been created, the pusher 22 is displaced to push the capillary tube downwardly to a state where the lower end of the capillary tube can be dipped into the body fluid drop to obtain a sample. 25 The pusher is then released for return to an upper position by a return spring (not shown). As disclosed in the aforementioned application, the fluid can then be transferred from the capillary tube to a test strip, thereby making the overall sampling procedure more 30 convenient.

In accordance with the present invention, the sampling procedure is made even more convenient by eliminating the need to transfer the body fluid from the capillary tube.

In a first embodiment, the capillary tube carries its own test strip. Depicted in Fig. 3 is a test strip 30 in the form of a microporous membrane (preferably of the type disclosed in commonly assigned 5 U.S. application Serial No. 08/628,489, filed April 5, 1996, the disclosure of which is incorporated by reference herein).

The membrane 30 is bonded, e.g. by a suitable adhesive, to an enlarged head or flange portion 32 of 10 the capillary tube 18 which projects laterally with respect to a stem portion 34 of the capillary tube. The head 32, when viewed from the top, can be of any shape, such as circular or rectangular (e.g., square). A capillary passage 36 extends longitudinally through the 15 stem 34 and head 32 to conduct body fluid into contact with the membrane by capillary action.

As is known in the art of capillary tubes, the amount of body fluid which is drawn up by capillary action can be regulated by a suitable selection of 20 diameter and length of the passage 36, thereby ensuring that a proper dosing of the membrane is achieved.

Fluid analyzing instruments can be mounted within the housing. For example, a conventional optical analyzing mechanism can be provided which includes a 25 light source 40 and a light sensor 42 such as a phototransistor, which are electrically connected to a conventional electronics unit 44 for monitoring a color change of the sample as the sample reacts with chemicals in the test strip. The electronics unit 44 displays the 30 results on a display panel 90. In that way, for example, the glucose level in blood can be measured. The unit 44 is electrically connected to a battery 45 that is mounted in the housing.

In lieu of an optical analyzing mechanism, an 35 electrochemical mechanism can be provided in a device

10' (Fig. 5), the mechanism including an electrochemical meter 50 which measures glucose levels. The meter 50 is electrically connected to a battery 51 mounted in the housing. The test strip 52 in this case would be  
5 provided with a printed electrical circuit, and the pusher 24' would possess electrical leads 54 positioned so as to contact respective portions of the printed circuit electrical paths on the test strip when the pusher 24' is in its lower position (after having pushed  
10 the capillary tube down). Thus, the sample conducted to the test strip 52 by the capillary tube will contact the electrical circuit for conducting a current therebetween when the leads 54 are brought into contact with the circuit. The leads are connected to the meter 50 which  
15 measures the current. Since the level of current is proportional to the glucose concentration, the meter 50 is able to measure that concentration.

When the disposable 12 is discarded after a testing operation, the capillary tube 18 and test strip 30 will be discarded therewith. A fresh disposable is  
20 then installed to present a new lancet 14, capillary tube 18 and test strip 30. Thus, the user never has to touch or otherwise maneuver a test strip separately from the capillary tube, since the test strip is attached  
25 thereto.

An alternate embodiment of a capillary tube 18' is depicted in Fig. 4 wherein an absorbent pad 60 is disposed between the test strip 30 and the head 32' of the capillary tube 18'. That is, the absorbent pad,  
30 which can be formed of cellulose or suitable membrane, is bonded to the capillary tube 18', and the membrane 30 is bonded to the absorbent pad, or to a ring 62 which extends around a circumferential outer edge face of the absorbent pad 60. That ring, together with the flange  
35 32, forms a cover which covers portions of the absorbent

pad not covered by the membrane 30 to prevent the escape of the body fluid sample. When the capillary tube draws-up body fluid by capillary action, that fluid is wicked by the absorbent pad and supplied to the test strip 30. An advantage of the capillary tube 18' is that the absorbent pad will spread-out the fluid so that a wider sample is applied to the test strip to facilitate analysis.

A backpressure may occur which opposes a flow of body fluid through the absorbent pad 60. To deal with that potential problem, the head 32' is provided with air vent openings 64 to relieve the backpressure and facilitate the flow of fluid through the pad 60. The air vents are spaced laterally from the passage 36 and communicate with the pad. The diameter of the vent openings is smaller than that of the capillary tube and small enough to prevent the passage of body fluid therethrough.

Instead of being bonded directly to the absorbent pad 60, the membrane 30 could be bonded to the cover 62. In that case, the absorbent pad 60 could be bonded to the membrane, or to the cover, or to the capillary tube.

In any event it will be appreciated that the test strip is affixed, either directly or indirectly, to the capillary tube to constitute an integral part thereof.

One problem faced by a user is being able to determine whether a drop of body fluid expressed from an incision is of sufficient size to provide a proper sample. That determination can be made automatically by a sampling device 10" in accordance with an embodiment of the invention depicted in Fig. 6 wherein a drop sensing mechanism 65 is mounted on an inner sleeve 66. The drop sensing mechanism comprises a pair of

diametrically opposed elements 67, 68. In one embodiment, those elements comprise a pair of electrodes connected by wires 69 to the battery 45 or 51 and positioned such that when the outer sleeve 24 is  
5 retracted in response to a pressing down of the housing, the electrodes will make contact with the drop of body fluid only if the drop is of sufficient height to provide an adequate sample. If such contact is made, the drop will close a circuit, enabling a sensor to  
10 determine that the drop is of ample size. An indicator, such as a lamp 71 can be energized to advise the user.

Alternatively, the elements 67, 68 of the mechanism 65 could comprise a light emitter and light receiver, respectively. When the drop of body fluid is  
15 of sufficient height, it will block the transmission of light to the receiver, thus indicating that the drop is of sufficient size, and triggering the energization of the lamp 71.

The drop-detecting mechanism 65 can be used  
20 with either of the embodiments disclosed in connection with Figs. 1-2 and 5. However, it is not necessary that the incision be formed by a lancet. Other incision forming devices could be used such as a laser beam or pressurized fluid. That is, known pneumatic or  
25 hydraulic injectors of the type which inject pressurized gas or liquid against the skin could be used. Such auto injectors are sold by Becton-Dickinson, for example, to inject insulin. By eliminating the insulin and merely injecting the gas (e.g., air or nitrogen) or liquid  
30 (e.g., water) at pressures about 30 psi. an incision could be formed in the skin for taking samples of body fluid. Advantageously, small particles could be mixed with the gas to promote the tissue-cutting action. The particles could comprise carbon particles of from 1  
35 micron to 0.010 inches in diameter.

Another embodiment of a sampling device 10" according to the invention is depicted in Figs. 7 and 8. In that embodiment, the stimulator sleeve 24" is provided with a through-slot 70, and an inner sleeve 72 (which supports the disposable), is provided with a through-slot 74 that is aligned with the through-slot 70. Those aligned through-slots 70, 74 are adapted to receive a test strip 30" which, if desired, includes an absorbent pad 60". The test strip 30", which may 10 comprise a porous membrane 30A" and an absorbent pad 30B" attached thereto, is manually inserted through the slots 70, 74 by the user.

When a lancing procedure is performed, the lancet pierces the test strip 30" en route to the skin 15 surface. Then, as the housing is repeatedly pushed down to pump body fluid to the open end of the incision as described earlier, the stimulator sleeve 24" will be repeatedly retracted, and simultaneously the inner sleeve 72, along with the test strip 30", will approach 20 and contact the drop of body fluid as shown in Fig. 8, whereby a sample of the fluid is collected on the test strip. Then, the user removes the test strip for testing at an off-site analyzer.

It will be appreciated that the present 25 invention enables a test strip to be easily installed into and removed from a lancing device, thereby minimizing any risk of contamination of the sample. In the examples according to Figs. 1-5 the test strip is installed along with the disposable lancet, thereby 30 being automatically positioned in proper relationship to receive a sample and to permit the sample to be analyzed by an on-side analyzing instrument. If desired, however, the analysis could be performed by an off-site instrument by removing the disposable from the device 35 and taking it to the off-site instrument. In the

example of Figs. 7-8, the test strip is easily installed/removed by being passed through readily accessible slots.

Although the present invention has been  
5 described in connection with preferred embodiments  
thereof, it will be appreciated by those skilled in the  
art that additions, modifications, substitutions and  
deletions not specifically described may be made without  
departing from the spirit and scope of the invention as  
10 defined in the appended claims.

**CLAIMS:**

1. A sampling device for sampling body fluid, comprising:

a housing;

5 a lancet carrier mounted in the housing and adapted for supporting a disposable lancet;

10 a mechanism disposed in the housing for displacing the lancet carrier toward a lower end of the housing for forming an incision through the skin of a user; and

a body fluid sampling member mounted in the housing for conducting body fluid from the incision, comprising

15 a capillary member including an elongated stem having a capillary passage extending longitudinally therethrough for conducting body fluid upwardly by capillary action, and

20 a test strip affixed to the capillary member at an upper end thereof and in communication with the capillary passage for receiving a sample of body fluid therefrom.

25 2. The sampling device according to claim 1 wherein the test strip comprises a microporous membrane.

3. The sampling device according to claim 1  
wherein the sampling member further comprises an  
absorbent pad disposed between the test strip and the  
upper end of the capillary passage for wicking body  
5 fluid from the passage to the test strip.

4. The sampling device according to claim 3  
wherein the pad is affixed directly to the capillary  
member, and the test strip is affixed directly to the  
pad.

10 5. The sampling device according to claim 1  
wherein the disposable element includes a body, the  
sampling member being mounted in the body.

15 6. The sampling device according to claim 5  
wherein the sampling member is slid able relative to the  
body, the housing including a manually actuatable pusher  
for pushing the sampling member downwardly.

20 7. The sampling device according to claim 6,  
further including an optical analyzing mechanism  
disposed in the housing and arranged to analyze body  
fluid disposed on the test strip.

25 8. The sample device according to claim 7  
wherein the optical analyzing mechanism comprises a  
light emitter for directing light toward body fluid  
disposed on the test strip, and a light receiver for  
receiving light reflected off the sample.

9. The sampling device according to claim 6,  
further including an electrochemical analyzing mechanism  
mounted in the housing, the pusher carrying electrical  
leads arranged for making electrical connection with a  
5 body fluid sample on the test strip, the leads being  
electrically connected to the analyzing mechanism.

10. The sampling device according to claim 1,  
further including an electrochemical analyzing meter  
mounted in the housing, a manually movable element  
10 mounted in the housing and carrying electrical leads  
arranged to make electrical connection with the meter.

11. The sampling device according to claim 1  
further including a drop detecting mechanism disposed  
adjacent a lower end of the device for detecting a drop  
15 of body fluid disposed on the user's skin.

12. The sampling device according to claim 11  
wherein the drop detecting mechanism includes a pair of  
spaced apart electrodes arranged to contact the drop and  
provide a signal to an indicator.

20 13. The sampling device according to claim 11  
wherein the drop detecting mechanism comprises a light  
emitter and light receiver disposed adjacent a lower end  
of the device and provide a signal to an indicator.

14. A sampling device for sampling body fluid,  
comprising:

a housing;

5 a lancet carrier mounted in the housing and  
adapted for supporting a disposable lancet;

a mechanism for displacing the lancet carrier  
toward a lower end of the housing for forming  
an incision through the skin of a user; and

10 a strip-holding mechanism mounted at a lower  
end of the housing for supporting a test strip  
across the lower end of the housing to enable  
the test strip to pick-up body fluid from the  
incision.

15 15. The sampling device according to claim 14  
wherein the strip-holding mechanism comprises a sleeve  
surrounding the lancet carrier and including slots for  
receiving the test strip.

20 16. The sampling device according to claim 15  
wherein the sleeve constitutes a first sleeve, the  
strip-holding mechanism further including a second  
sleeve surrounding the first sleeve and including slots  
radially aligned with the slots of the first sleeve, the  
second sleeve being slidable longitudinally relative to  
both the housing and the first sleeve and being spring  
25 biased downwardly, the slots formed in the second sleeve  
being elongated in a direction parallel to a  
longitudinal axis of the housing to enable the second

sleeve to move longitudinally relative to a test strip mounted in the first sleeve.

17. A sampling device for sampling body fluid, comprising:

5 a housing;

means in the housing for forming an incision through the skin of a user; and

10 a drop-detecting mechanism disposed adjacent a lower end of the device for detecting a drop of body fluid disposed on the user's skin.

18. The sampling device according to claim 17, further including an indicator mounted on the housing and connected to the drop-detecting mechanism for providing an indication to a user when a detected drop 15 is of predetermined size.

19. The sampling device according to claim 17 wherein the drop detecting mechanism includes a pair of spaced apart electrodes arranged to contact the drop.

20. The sampling device according to claim 17 wherein the drop detecting mechanism comprises a light emitter and light receiver disposed adjacent a lower end of the device.

21. A method of sampling body fluid comprising the steps of:

25 A) positioning a lower end of a sampling device against a skin surface;

22

B) displacing a lancet toward the lower end of the sampling device to form an incision through the skin;

5 C) mounting a test strip in the sampling device to extend across the lower end thereof; and

D) moving the sampling device toward the incision to bring the test strip into contact with body fluid emerging from the incision.

10 22. The method according to claim 21 wherein step C is performed prior to step B whereby the lancet pierces the test strip when displaced to form the incision.

15 23. The method according to claim 21 wherein step C comprises sliding the test strip through a radial slot formed in the device.

24. A body fluid sampling member adapted to be mounted in a device for sampling body fluid, comprising:

20 a capillary member including an elongated stem having a capillary passage extending longitudinally therethrough for conducting body fluid upwardly by capillary action; and

25 a test strip affixed to the capillary member at an upper end thereof and in communication with the capillary passage for receiving a sample of body fluid.

25. The body fluid sampling member according to claim 24 wherein the test strip comprises a microporous membrane.

26. The body fluid sampling member according to claim 25 further comprising an absorbent pad disposed between the test strip and the upper end of the capillary member and arranged over the capillary passage for wicking body fluid from the passage to the test strip.

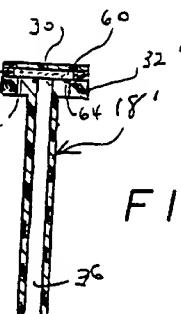
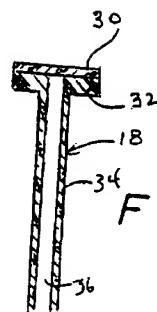
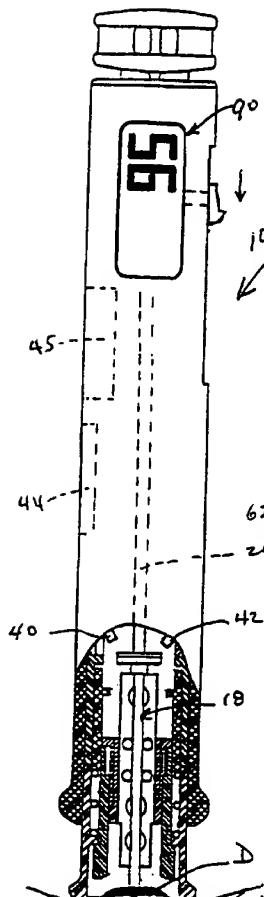
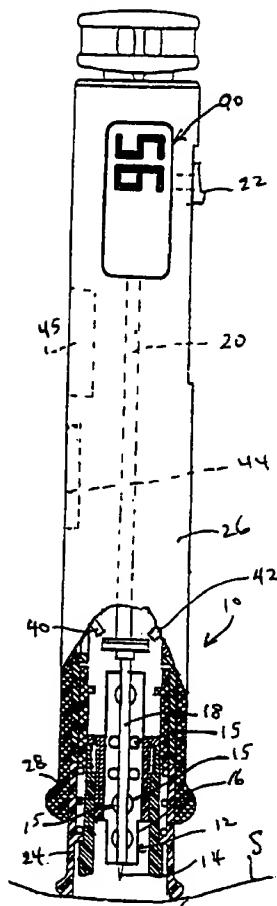
10 27. The body fluid sampling member according to claim 26 wherein the absorbent pad is affixed directly to the capillary member, and the test strip is affixed directly to the absorbent pad.

15 28. The body fluid sampling member according to claim 26 further including a covering structure covering portions of the absorbent pad not covered by the membrane; the covering structure being vented by at least one air vent opening having a smaller cross section than the passage.

20 29. The body fluid sampling member according to claim 28 wherein the covering structure includes a flange projecting laterally outwardly from an upper end of the stem, a lower surface of the pad being seated on the flange.

25 30. The body fluid sampling member according to claim 29 wherein the covering structure further includes a side cover extending around a side surface of the pad.

31. the body fluid sampling member according to claim 30 wherein the air vent opening is disposed in the flange.



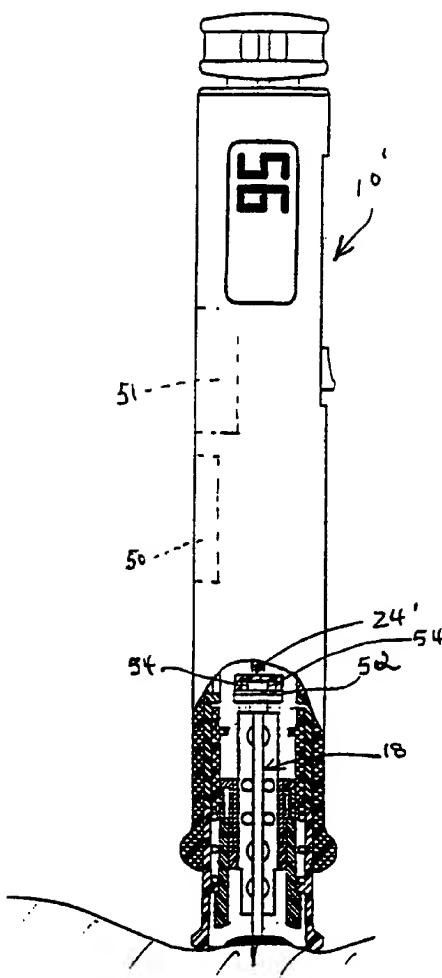


FIG. 5

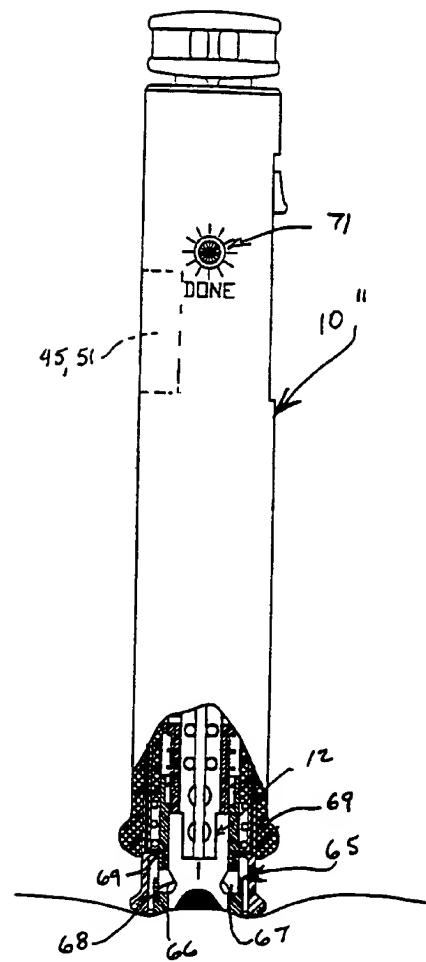
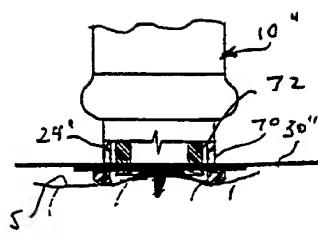
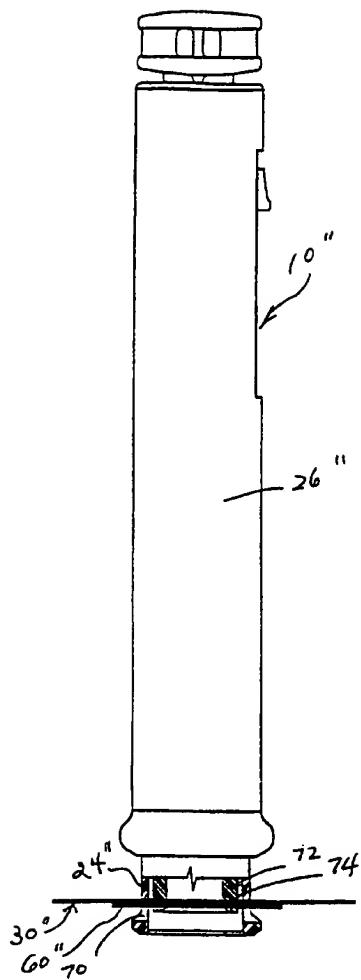


FIG. 6



## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No. PCT/US97/08399
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**A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER**

IPC(6) :A61B 17/14

US CL :606/181

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

**B. FIELDS SEARCHED**

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

U.S. : 128/633, 636, 760, 770, 771; 606/181, 182

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)

APS

**C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT**

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	US 4,637,403 A (GARCIA et al) 20 January 1987, entire document.	1-10, 14, 15, 21-27
X	US 4,924,879 A (O'BRIEN) 15 May 1990, col. 3, lines 25-34.	17, 18
A	US 5,279,294 A (ANDERSON et al) 18 January 1994, entire document.	1-31
A	US 5,029,583 A (MESEROL et al) 09 July 1991, entire document.	1-31

Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C.  See patent family annex.

* Special categories of cited documents:	
"A"	document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance
"E"	earlier document published on or after the international filing date
"L"	document which may throw doubt on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)
"O"	document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means
"P"	document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed
"T"	later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention
"X"	document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone
"Y"	document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art
"A"	document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search  30 JULY 1997	Date of mailing of the international search report  29 AUG 1997
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